



USDA NIFA
Southern Regional
Aquaculture Center

MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY

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Regional Aquaculture Centers

- Established in 1985
- Administered through USDA NIFA
- Five Centers
 - SRAC – Mississippi State University
 - NRAC – University of Maryland
 - NCRAC – Iowa State University
 - WRAC – University of Washington
 - CTSA – University of Hawaii





Regional Aquaculture Centers

- Originally authorized at \$7.5 million
- 2012 Farm Bill caps at \$5 million
- Level at \$4 million since 1992
- Appropriation is split evenly between 5 Centers
- Equates to about \$740,000 / year




Southern Regional Aquaculture Center



- Comprises 13 states and 2 territories
- Mississippi State University is the host institution
- The Administrative Center is at the National Warmwater Aquaculture Center, in Stoneville Mississippi






What does SRAC do?

Distributes USDA-NIFA grant funds to teams of research and extension scientists to address priority problems in southeastern aquaculture

How We Conduct Business

- Complete Grant Application each year to receive funds
- Makes sub-awards to regional Universities based on priorities
- Projects are approved in entirety but funds are released on a yearly basis
- All subcontracts are reimbursable and budgets for multiple years are kept separate

Distribution of SRAC Funds

- \$21.6 million awarded through competitive process
- Institutions in all 13 states and 2 territories have received funds
- 30 different institutions have participated
- 185 different scientists have participated



Board of Directors

- One Administrator from Host Institution
 - Greg Bohach
- Three 1862 Experiment Station Directors
 - Wes Burger, Phil Elzer, Steve Lommel
- Three 1862 Extension Service Directors
 - Tony Windham, Glen Lemme, Ed Jones
- One 1890 Research Administrator
- One 1890 Extension Administrator



Industry Advisory Council

- One regular member from each of the 13 states and 2 territories (15)
- Six at-large members nominated by the states, elected by Executive Committee, and approved by BOD

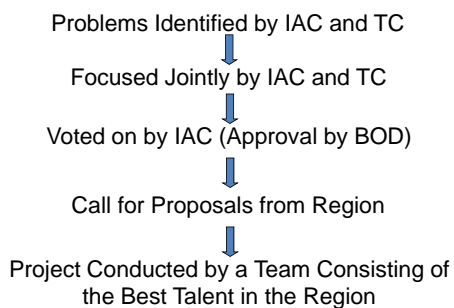


Technical Committee

- Each state and territory has two seats (30)
 - One representing research interests
 - One representing extension interests



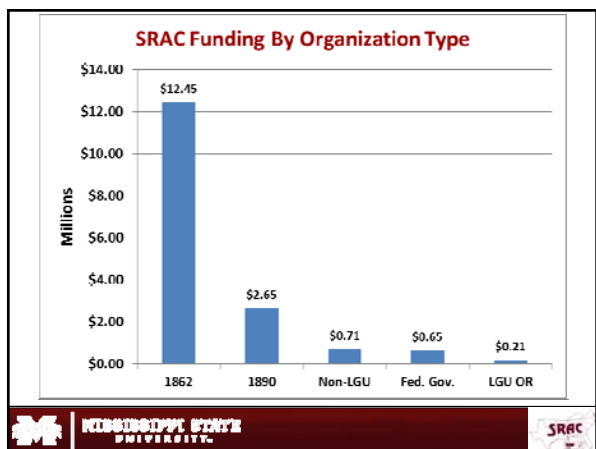
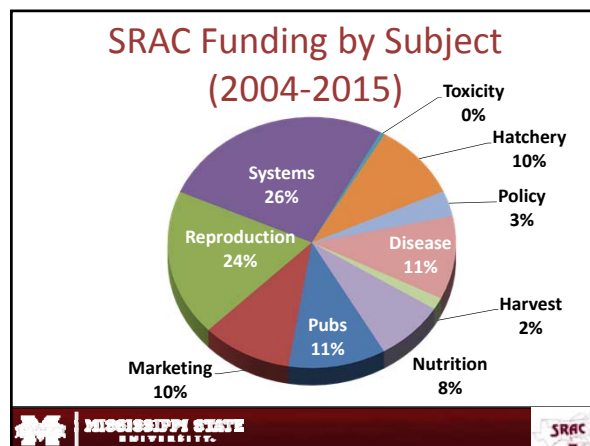
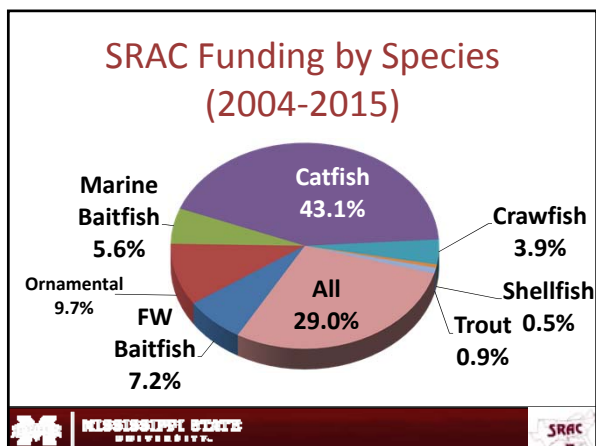
Project Process



Criteria for Regional Projects

- ✓ **Importance** in the Southern Region
- ✓ **Significant accomplishment** in a reasonable period of time (usually up to 3 years)
- ✓ Information should be **made quickly available** to the industry in an accessible, understandable format
- ✓ Participation by **two or more states** or territories
- ✓ **Complement and enhance ongoing** extension and research activities by participants
- ✓ **Not likely to occur** through other programs and mechanisms





Top Ten in Funding

Institution	Funding
Mississippi State	\$ 2,861,598
Auburn	\$ 2,765,166
UA Pine Bluff	\$ 2,565,229
Texas A&M	\$ 2,295,538
LSU	\$ 1,938,548
Florida	\$ 835,567
Georgia	\$ 555,915
N.C. State	\$ 452,204
Clemson	\$ 440,541
Univ. of Memphis	\$ 221,978

- ### Current Projects
- Publications
 - Market Trends
 - Catfish Broodstock
 - Intensive Pond Systems
 - Split-pond Systems
 - Collective Actions
 - Cryopreservation
 - *Aeromonas*
 - Variability in hybrids
 - Pre- & Pro-biotics

- ### Industry Impact
- Hybrid Catfish
 - Intensive Systems
 - Virulent *Aeromonas*

Hybrid Catfish

- Early discovery but no adoption
- Push to lower cost of production created need
 - Better growth
 - Disease resistance
 - Better dressout

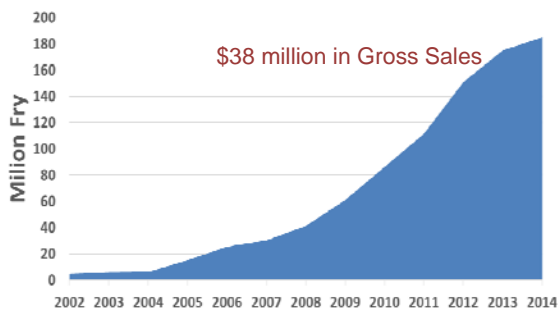


SRAC Investment (\$965,000)

- Improving Reproductive Efficiency to Produce Channel x Blue Hybrid Catfish Fry (2004-2008; \$460,000; AU, LSU, MSU, UMem, USDA/ARS CGRU)
- Cryopreservation of Blue Catfish Sperm (2014-2017; \$45,000; LSU, USDA WARU)
- Reducing Variability and Providing Year Round Harvest of Hybrid Catfish (2015-2016; \$300,000; AU, USDA WARU)
- Ovulation, Fecundity and Fertility in Channel Catfish Females Induced to Ovulate for Production of Hybrid Catfish Fry (\$160,000; In development)



Hybrid Catfish Fry Production



Intensive Culture Systems

- Decreasing production costs through higher production per acre
- Split-ponds
- Intensively aerated small ponds
- In-pond Raceways

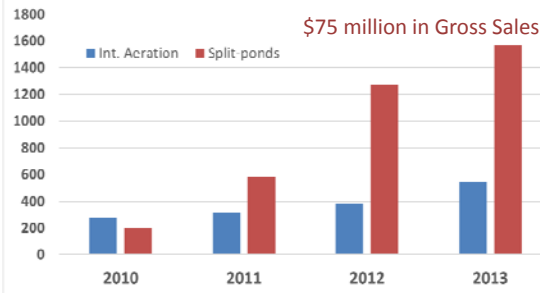


SRAC Investment (\$765,000)

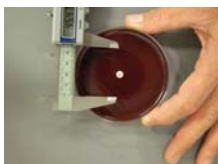
- Performance Evaluation of Intensive Pond-based Culture Systems for Catfish (2012-2016; \$300,000; USDA, AU, MSU, UAPB)
- Split-Pond Aquaculture Systems: Design Refinements for Catfish Production and Evaluation for Culturing Other Species (2014-17; \$465,000; USDA WARU, MSU, AU, UAPB, USDA NPURU)



Acreage Under Intensive Production



Virulent *Aeromonas hydrophila* in Catfish Aquaculture Ponds



- \$ 374,374
- 1 June 2014
- 2 years
- AU, MSU, USDA APHIS

Studies to improve the control of virulent *Aeromonas hydrophila* and evaluate the impact of environmental factors on its abundance in **catfish** aquaculture ponds.



One Year Later

- Can detect vAh in water, sediment, invertebrates, fish, and birds *via* PCR
- Survivors are carriers
- Does not persist in envir. after outbreak
- Algae biomass lower in positive ponds
- Birds are capable of spreading bacteria
- vAh forms biofilms on seines and equip.



Outreach

- Publications project
- Scientific literature and presentations
- Industry education



Publications Project



- ~\$45K per year
- 243 fact sheets
- 30 VHS/CDs
- 230 authors
- Publications Committee sets priorities



Southern Regional Aquaculture Center

SRAC: Publications

The Southern Regional Aquaculture Center is one of five Regional Centers established by Congress through the USDA-National Institute of Food and Agriculture. The thirteen states and two territories included in the Southern Region are: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Virginia.

The Southern Regional Aquaculture Center is sponsored by the USDA National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA).

USDA
United States Department of Agriculture
National Institute of Food and Agriculture

The Fact Sheets on this site provide information on important species of fish and shellfish produced in the Southern Region. These fact sheets are reviewed annually by the Publications, Videos, and Computer Software Steering Committee and are revised when significant new information becomes available on the subject. Any that have not been revised are considered to represent the essential state of available knowledge.

Alligators (1740-1745, 1746-1748)	Aquatic Vegetation Control (1800-1810, 1811-1812)	Baitfish (1240-1245, 1247-1248)
Beginning Aquaculture (1900-1910, 1911-1912)	Cage Culture (1300-1310, 1311-1312)	Catfish (1400-1410, 1411-1412)
Consumer Information (1700-1705)	Crawfish Production (1500-1510, 1511-1512)	Diseases (1610-1615, 1616-1618)



2015 Outreach Effort

- 13 Journal Articles
- 11 Extension Publications
- 27 Oral Presentations
- 6 Poster Presentations
- 3 Digital Products



Challenges

- Level funding supports only half the research of 1990
- No overhead
- Fewer FTEs in aquaculture
- Lack of “brand” awareness by producers
- Zeroed out in President’s FY17 Budget



MISSISSIPPI STATE
UNIVERSITY



Thank You!!
Questions??

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